

DAILY NEVADA STATE JOURNAL

C. S. VARIAN, Editor & Proprietor

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A GIRL'S INFATUATION.

San Francisco has a huge disgust on because of the strange infatuation of a young woman named Sarah Burke for one of the ugliest pigtailed Mongolians in the city. Sarah first felt the divine spark for Wong Suey Wan, at Santa Cruz, where both were employed as domestics in the same hotel. The virtuous indignation of the denizens of that town became aroused, and in order to escape a coat of tar and feathers the Celestial fled to San Francisco. The girl followed him, and the Cali gives the following account of the meeting of the lovers:

Tuesday evening, at 5:35 o'clock, upon the arrival of the South Pacific Coast Railway passengers from Santa Cruz, a young woman of prepossessing appearance was met at the ferry depot on this side by four Chinamen, who had a hank in waiting. The young woman was neatly dressed in a light suit, and wore a blue hat that shaded as pretty a face as many Caucasians would like to possess, much less a pigtailed Mongolian. Catching sight of the Chinese quartet, she, with bright eyes and smiling but blushing face, ran forward and was caught up in the arms of one of them, an intelligent and not ill-appearing fellow, who rapturously impressed a half-dozen kisses on the upturned lips, after which she was introduced to the other three. Smiles, hand-shaking and a good deal of talking followed, and the five presently got into the boat and drove up town, while the amazed bystanders of Caucasian persuasion relieved themselves in words anything but complimentary to the young woman's taste...

The young lady is described as annexed:

The girl seems to be about seventeen years old, of a lovely form and as pretty as a picture, with large, bright brown eyes, shaded by long lashes and curved brows. Her hair is a wavy black and her nose slightly retrousse, while from behind her clearly cut lips show now and then a pearly set of teeth. Her face was full and rounded and the lines were perfect and true. In answer to reportorial queries, she showed a wonderful amount of ignorance, her first words evidencing a lack of education, while it was soon learned that her experience in worldly matters was extremely limited. She said her mother was dead, and that her father, Woodford Burke, and her three brothers, lived in Guerneville, Sonoma County. They had all come out to this coast nine months ago, from Traverse, Michigan; since which time she had worked out in several towns throughout the State. Some five months ago she had made the acquaintance of Wong Suey, in Santa Cruz, and they had fallen in love, and she had come up here to marry him.

The Chinaman is thus pictured:

He is about thirty-two years of age, with thin lips, stained teeth, flat nose, villainous small eyes, and looks like the last person in the world even a Chinese woman of advanced years would choose for a husband, much less a young and handsome white girl.

The lovers were arrested and taken to the city prison on a charge of vagrancy. They managed to get released on bail, and returned to Chinatown. At last accounts the father of the girl had arrived in San Francisco, and succeeded in finding the misguided creature in a squalid tenement at 728 Jackson street. She still professed a desire to cling to her lover, but her father emphatically declared that she should never live with a Chinaman. Concluding that his daughter was out of her mind he finally turned her over to the officers, charging that she is insane, and in spite of protestations and tears she was taken to the City Prison, again registered, and removed to the Home for the Care of the Inebriate, her disconsolate lover and cluster of sympathizing hibbinders following at a respectable distance.

The Virginia Chronicle is displeased with the idea of having the Savings Bank cases tried in Storey county. The gigantic intellect of the Chronicle man is seared by the thought that Storey would have to pay the bills. Washoe must do that, and would greatly prefer paying \$1,000 to Storey, than \$10,000 at home, and if the Chronicle is so certain the cases are good ones, no objection should be made to trying them where it can bring the full force of the judicial lorgue upon the jury. The JOURNAL will be satisfied with the verdict of a Storey jury or any other jury.

The Albion Consolidated delinquent list is published. It makes over three columns of solid matter. One of the certificates is for 2,000 shares, another for 1,600 shares, another for 1,300 shares, and fourteen more, for 1,000 shares. Most of the others are for 100 to 500 shares. Comparatively little of the assessment has been paid, and assessment paid stock sold at 50¢ per share, or just the amount of the last tax.

The new Postmaster General is a plain sort of a man. His dislike for display of any kind was manifested as he walked to the Indianapolis depot, to start for Washington, unostentatious and unheralded and carrying his own baggage.

Chicago Custom House Patronage.

A lively fight for the patronage of Illinois is going on in the Custom House at Chicago. Collector Spalding removed a Logan man from the position of Chief Inspector and appointed a Farwell man. The result was a letter from Assistant Secretary French saying the Logan man was still on the payroll and the Farwell man was not recognized. It seems Senator Logan and Senator-elect Cullom have joined forces against Farwell. It is understood Cullom will support Logan for the Presidency in 1884, and in the event of success Logan will turn the State patronage over to Cullom. Secretary Folger has been interviewed and says the matter will be left to the President.

The Land Entry Investigation.

The Interior Department has already sent out seventeen special agents, twelve of whom are new appointees, to investigate the fraudulent entries in public lands, and will send out others from time to time as the service may require. Some of these agents have reported a number of fraudulent entries, but it is too soon to expect a full report from all of them. Among the agents sent out are Henderson H. Eddy, of New Mexico, Geo. D. Orner, of Los Angeles, and Wilson T. Smith, of California.

Coupling and the President.

A Washington special to the New York Commercial Advertiser, a Coupling organ, denies the story of Coupling having made a disparaging comparison regarding Arthur's administration, and stated that he had had no falling out with the President, and had been invited frequently to visit the White House, which he courteously declined on the ground that his presence would be misconstrued.

The Panama Railroad is a solid institution. The annual report for last year shows that the operations of the company had increased in freight and passenger traffic in 1882, and that the operating expenses had increased about 25 per cent. The outlook for the present year is deemed encouraging. The gross earnings in 1882 from all sources were \$2,454,345; gross expenses, \$1,371,810; new locomotives, cars, etc., purchased, about \$109,735. The Treasurer's statement shows the assets of the company to be \$4,326,929; liabilities, \$813,941.

Senator Sherman denies that he is a candidate for Governor of Ohio. He says his name has been used without authority, and he would not accept the nomination.

The Free Press says there are more men employed in Bodie district than there are in Virginia City, Eureka, Reno, Carson and Jonhstown combined.

THE ISSUE DEVELOPING.

(Sacramento Record-Union.)

The indications are that the protection advocates have awakened to a realization of the fact that tariff revision will again be agitated next Winter. That they may maintain the hold they now have, it is understood that they will ask for protection in a greater degree, thus endeavoring to gain ground upon which to force a compromise on the present basis. On the other hand, the extreme free-traders will probably yield to meet the "tariff for revenue only" advocates largely, in order to get some foothold for future operations. In the consideration of this subject in the meantime the following figures from the census reports as the protected and unprotected classes, may be studied by the people with advantage. Those unprotected now are: In agriculture, 7,670,493; professional and personal services, 4,084,038; trade and transportation, 1,810,256; manufacturing, mechanical and mining, 2,837,112. Total unprotected workers, 17,391,899. In "high protected" industries there were enrolled, in round numbers, about 1,000,000 employees and operatives, for whom the 16,000,000 pay an average of 50 per cent advance on products of the world's industry. The New York Sun openly expresses the belief that this question of tariff revision will disrupt the Democracy, and urges "the total abolition of the internal revenue system" as safe plank for the coming campaign. In this it discloses the desire to win over voters by a repeal of the whisky tax. It will not do. That matter cannot be forced to the prominence of a vital issue. The Sun must accept the inevitable, and that is a division on the tariff in the party ranks, while the Republicans will be found harmonized and a unit in 1884 on the middle ground.

Lovelock Notes.

The Silver State of Tuesday contains the following:

Joseph Marzen shipped two car-loads of beesves and hogs from his ranch on Big Meadows to Truckee yesterday.

Farmers are all busy as beavers, sowing and irrigating. At least 1,000 more acres will be cultivated this year than there were last season.

A great many shade and fruit trees are being planted by ranchers about their premises, and in a few years Big Meadows will raise its own fruit.

Marker Brothers' patent sagebrush exterminator is making greasewood scarce on their premises, and shade trees, alfalfa and evergreen millet takes its place.

NEW SPECIES OF GENUS HOMO.

(Mining and Scientific Press.)

At the meeting of the California Academy of Sciences, held on Monday evening last, Dr. H. W. Harkness presented some interesting facts of value to the world of science. He presented to the museum the lower jaw of an animal found in the sandstone of the Nevada State Prison quarry at Carson. This specimen, which was in a fine state of preservation, was pronounced by C. D. Gibson to be a species of machairodus, or saber-toothed tiger. The doctor called attention to the fact that Mr. Gibbs, in his report upon the Carson footprints, had referred to one series of the tracks as having evidently been made by the above mentioned animal. This is a magnificent and valuable specimen from a scientific point of view, and Dr. Harkness was fortunate in securing it for a California institution.

It was feared by scientists of the Pacific Coast that upon the retirement of Mr. Garrard from the control of the Nevada State Prison, all interest of the authorities in this storehouse of fossils would cease. He was happy to be able to state that such fears are unfounded, as the present Warden, Frank Bell, shows the liveliest interest in all the scientific questions involved, and is eager to assist the Academy in their investigations of this most interesting discovery.

By far the most important subject brought to the attention of the Academy by Dr. Harkness was however, his description of a new species of the genus homo. It will be recollected that some months since Dr. Harkness described to the Academy the fossil footprints of the Carson quarry, and submitted drawings and casts of the footprints of what was apparently a man.

The subject has attracted great attention in the scientific world, at home and abroad. As to the human footprints there was difference of opinion among scientists. Dr. Harkness has, however, made still more careful examinations of the tracks since that time, and his later observations fully confirm his previous opinion that the tracks are those of a hitherto undescribed species of the genus homo. At the meeting the other night he submitted the following description of the new species:

Homo Nevadensis (Harkness).—Length of track, 18½ inches; width at the ball of the foot, 8 inches; width of heel, 6 inches; average length of step, 27 inches; length of stride, 54 inches; width of trackway, 18 inches, as measured from the center of the sandal to the center of the corresponding one. Angle with the median line, about 15 degrees. Each track is being modified in form by a sandal or other protection to the foot.

Dr. Harkness also gave a name to a new species of wolf, the tracks of which are seen at the same quarry. The provisional name is *Canis Carsonicus*.

There is no doubt that this discovery will lead to still further discussions in the scientific world. A new species of the genus homo is not a "find," like a new planet or ordinary natural history specimen. The "Nevada man" will attract attention all over the world.

Excavations in the quarry still continue. In view of the fact that they have found the teeth of the saber-toothed tiger, the horse, and the mastodon's tusk and jaw, and a horse's jaw, it is not improbable that still more interesting finds will yet be made.

MAKING A COUNTRY.

(Walker Lake Bulletin.)

The Carson and Colorado Railroad may almost be said to be making a country. As its track extends southward new districts come into notice, and old districts which have, for years, been known to be rich, but which were abandoned because the cost of transportation took away the profits arising from working the mines, again become prominent as certain bullion producers in the near future. Some of these districts, which will now soon be ranked among the richest on the coast, have been nearly deserted for years, and were as though they had never been discovered. This was not because it was not known that great quantities of rich ore were to be found there, but because it was impossible to either extract or work it within the limits of reasonable cost, owing to the difficulty of carrying supplies.

Notably, Cerro Gordo district, which many years ago produced great quantities of bullion, but which, nevertheless, failed to yield profitable returns, simply on account of the great cost of production and transportation, is again preparing to resume its former activity. The Union, once a noted mine of that district, is looking better than ever, and when the road reaches Owens Lake work will be begun on an extensive scale, as with cheap and reliable transportation, to and from market, the cost of production will be so reduced as to leave a fair margin of profit to the owners.

Other old districts will be re-opened and many new districts will also begin adding their yield to the wealth of the world, and it may be said, with truth, that while the railroad is making a thoroughfare through the desert, it is also in reality making the country by which it will be used.

An Interesting Experiment.

(S. F. Post.)

The Central Pacific Railroad Company is about to make an experiment in vine culture in Nevada, having secured for that purpose ten acres of land in the vicinity of Reno. There is no good reason why grape vines should not flourish in Nevada, though the experiment has never before been tried. The soil is unsurpassed, and where water can be procured will produce everything known to cultivation in the temperate zone. The climate of Nevada is not so severe as that of either Ohio or New York, and the Isabella and Catawba grapes produced in those States have no equal as table grapes, with the sole exception of native Malaga, to which last the California Malaga bears no comparison.

Paris ball dresses are made indecently low in the neck, both back and front, and almost or quite sleeveless.

THE FORTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS.

(S. F. Chronicle.)

The Forty-eighth will convene on the first Monday in next December. The Government of the United States will then be constituted as follows: President, Republican; Senate, thirty-six Republicans, thirty-six Democrats and two Readjusters, from Virginia, who will probably co-operate with the Republicans, but both of whom have been officers in the Confederate army. These two Senators, Mahone and Riddleberger, will hold the balance of power in the next United States Senate. Democrats at heart, Republicans from policy, that power can be wielded for an immense advantage to themselves. Their votes can form the committee, elect all the officers of the Senate, including the acting Vice-President, and confirm or reject nominations and treaties from the Executive Department of the Government. The House of Representatives is Democratic by a very large majority. The figures are :

| | Members. |
|-------------|----------|
| Republicans | 120 |
| Democrats | 107 |
| Readjusters | 6 |
| Vacancies | 2 |
| Total | 325 |

The Congress just adjourned contained but 293 members in the lower house; the Forty-eighth Congress will have 325, and the Democrats will have a majority of 69 over all, of 77 over the Republicans. This is a heavy working majority, and it is in that house which, by the Constitution originates the ways and means and the appropriations for the support of the Government. That it will attempt to amend the Tariff Act of the last Congress is manifest from the vote on the final passage of that bill. The Senate may refuse to concur in the amendments or the President may veto the bill; but the two Readjusters in the Senate will certainly exercise a vast power in the premises. Mahone and Riddleberger are the coming men.

FASHION NOTES.

Satin has not gone out of vogue. Stringless bonnets are much worn. The tourneau or bustle grows larger. Chenille bonnets will be much worn. Bonnet strings must be very narrow and double.

Tailor made cloth costumes are as popular as ever.

Basques with battement finish at the bottom grow in popularity.

Chenille bonnets are trimmed with flowers, birds, lace and ribbon.

A modified Marguerite dress is much in favor for young girls.

Fanchons and small capotes are the only bonnets that have strings.

All short wraps are decidedly shorter this Spring than they were last.

Tan shades are excessively fashionable for both gentlemen's and ladies' gloves.

Shoulder capes of lace will be much worn for street toilet as the Spring advances.

There is a return of favor in Paris to short mantles, short jackets, and short Havelocks.

Violets and Jacqueinot roses remain the favorite corsage flowers of New York women.

One of the prettiest children's suits for Spring is supplied in blue. Demorest's Ada costume.

The short Havelock with deep dolman cape, falling over tight sleeves is destined to great popularity.

Stripes may be either wide or narrow but they must be of equal width to be in the highest fashion.

Watteau and aesthetic morning wraps, made with yokes on which a full skirt is shirred, will be worn.

NEW TO-DAY.

M. B. AUGUSTINE. W. O. H. MARTIN.

MARTIN & AUGUSTINE,

SUCCESSORS TO BERRY & BOYD.

Reno, Nevada.

DEALERS IN HARDWARE

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DEALER IN CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES.

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Hardware, Crockery, Glassware, Sugar,

Coffee, Tea, Canned Goods, Etc.

Bacon, Flour, and in fact everything usually kept in a First-class Grocer's Store.

fresh fruit and vegetables

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country produce of all kinds received in exchange for money. Paid for butter and ranch eggs. Goods delivered to any part of town free of charge.

